

Stick Figure Image: Lyuba Zehl  
[web.gin.g-node.org/lzehl/ExperimentTales](http://web.gin.g-node.org/lzehl/ExperimentTales)

# Task Area 3

# Computational Neuroscience

NFDI Neuroscience Virtual Community Workshop | July 1, 2020

Michael Denker  
 Sonja Grün

Stefan Rotter



**NFDI**  
 Neuroscience

# Core Areas of Task Area Computational Neuroscience

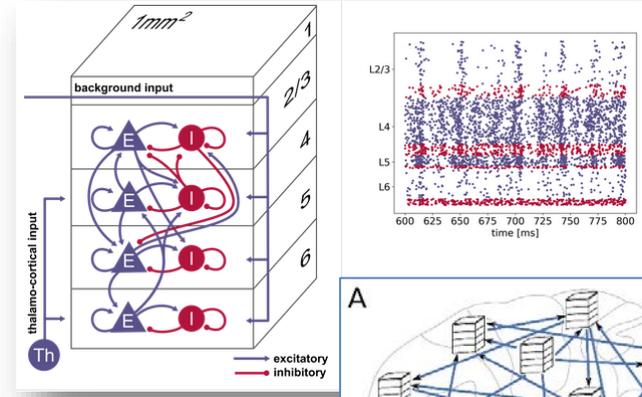
Computational neuroscience is centered on understanding the **principles of information processing** in the brain.

This involves the development of **theories** and **models** of the brain, as well as **analysis methods** to probe for signatures of these theories and models in the data...

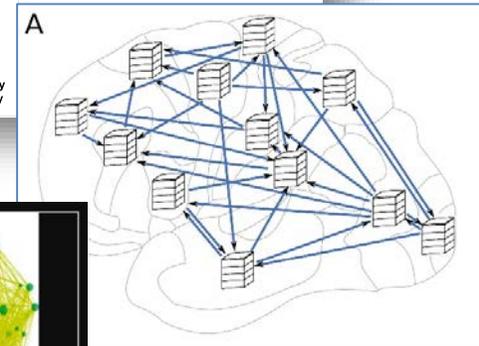
- ...on various scales and levels of observation.
- ...related to many neuroscience systems or concepts.
- ...at various levels of abstraction.

This poses **challenges** for data management and processing:

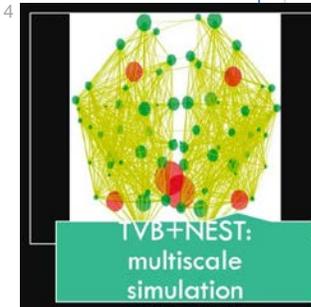
- Sharable, standardized, comparable model descriptions and simulation outcomes (on-disk, between-tools)
- Reproducible execution of complex, multi-scale, large brain simulations
- Standardization of complex analysis methods and analysis processes across models and experiments
- Validation of models and simulation outcomes



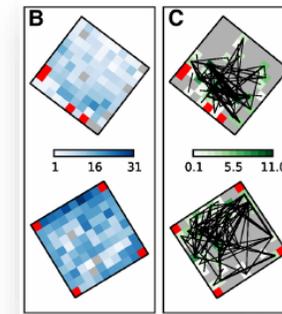
Potjans and Diesmann, 2014  
[https://github.com/nest/nest-simulator/tree/master/pynest/examples/Potjans\\_2014](https://github.com/nest/nest-simulator/tree/master/pynest/examples/Potjans_2014)



Schmidt M et al., 2018  
<https://github.com/INM-6/multi-area-model>



TVB Multi-scale simulation  
<http://ebrains.eu>  
<https://www.thevirtualbrain.org>



Torre et al., 2016

Courtesy:  
Alexa Riehle

# Three **examples for actions** in three planned focus areas of Task Area Computational Neuroscience

**Focus I:** Best practices for network model descriptions and simulation outcomes

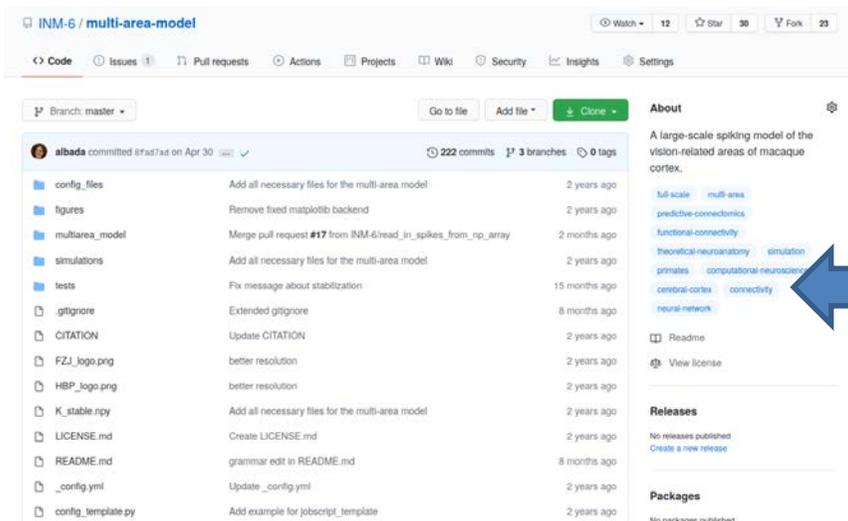
**Focus II:** Simulation, analysis, validation workflows and provenance

**Focus III:** Simplifying model validation and verification of simulations

# Focus I: Best practices for network model descriptions and simulation outcomes

## Model descriptions

- are in general not reproducible from papers
- are in heterogeneous types of formats:
  - as executable code
  - via common abstracted APIs, e.g., PYNN
  - via description languages, e.g., NESTML, NEUROML
  - text documents
  - equations
  - tables
  - illustrations
  - code



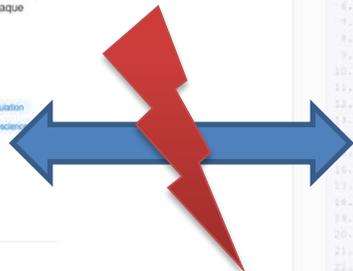
<https://github.com/INM-6/multi-area-model>

root / ModelDB / cagk.mod @ 0bff8fc3

Historie | Anzeigen | Annotieren | Download (1,45 KB)

```
1. TITLE cagk
2. : Calcium activated K channel.
3. : Modified from Moczydlowski and Latorre (1983) J. Gen. Physiol. 82
4.
5. UNITS {
6.     (molar) = (1/liter)
7. }
8.
9. UNITS {
10.    (mV) = (millivolt)
11.    (mA) = (milliamp)
12.    (mM) = (millimolar)
13. }
14.
15. NEURON {
16.     SUFFIX cagk
17.     USEION ca READ caI
18.     USEION k READ ek WRITE ik
19.     RANGE gbar,gkns,ik
20.     GLOBAL oinf, tau
21. }
22.
23.
24. UNITS {
25.     FARADAY = (faraday) (kilocoulombs)
26.     R = 8.313474 (joule/degC)
27. }
28.
29. -PARAMETER {
30.     celcius (degC)
```

<http://www.opensourcebrain.org/projects/ca3-pyramidal-cell/>



# Focus I: Best practices for network model descriptions and simulation outcomes

*“Authors should use diagrams to illustrate their model structure and to specify relations between the different model parts.*

*A good model description should use at least one diagram, showing the overall structure of the model.*

*Further diagram can then be given to elaborate on details and different aspects of the model.”*

Nordlie, E., Gewaltig, M.-O., Plesser, H.E. (2009) Towards reproducible descriptions of neuronal network models. PLoS CB

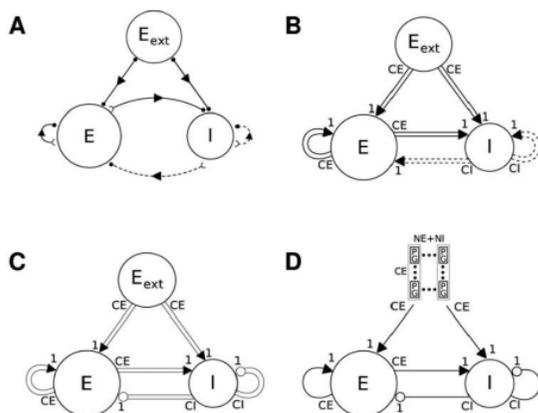


Figure 6 of Nordlie et al. (2009)

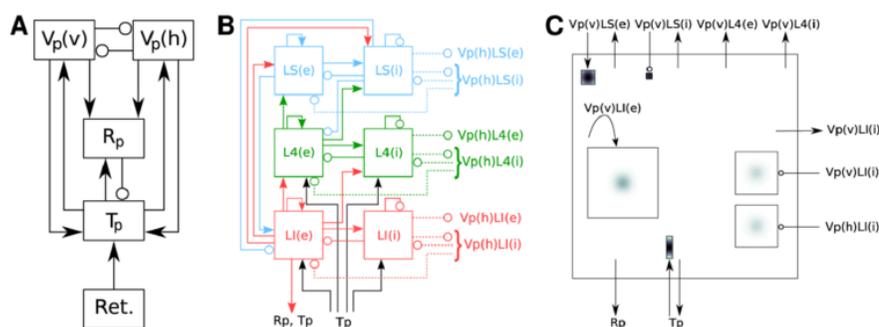


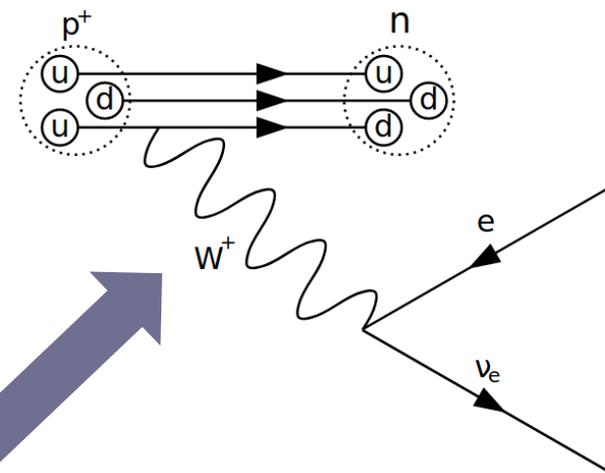
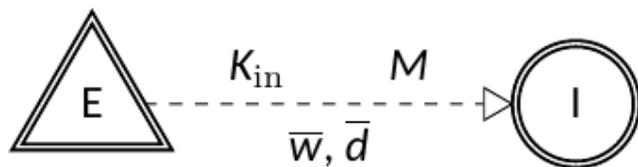
Figure 9 of Nordlie et al. (2009)

# Focus I: Best practices for network model descriptions and simulation outcomes

What if Feynman diagrams were so unstandardized?



Standardization of the representations of neuronal network models



MovGP0 - Eigenes Werk, CC BY-SA 3.0,  
<https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=21601059>

Johanna Senk, Birgit Kriener, Hans-Ekkehard Plesser, Mark-Oliver Gewaltig,  
Markus Diesmann, Mikael Djurfeldt, Nicole Voges, Lisa Schüttler,  
Gabriele Gramelsberger. Sacha van Albada, in prep.

TA3 could support by:

- Promoting community standardization efforts and emerging solutions, internationally
- Establishment of a working group to ensure that standardization is practical and generic
- Support interfaces of model definitions to existing brain simulation tools

# Focus II: Simulation, analysis, validation workflows and provenance

Individual workflows developed for

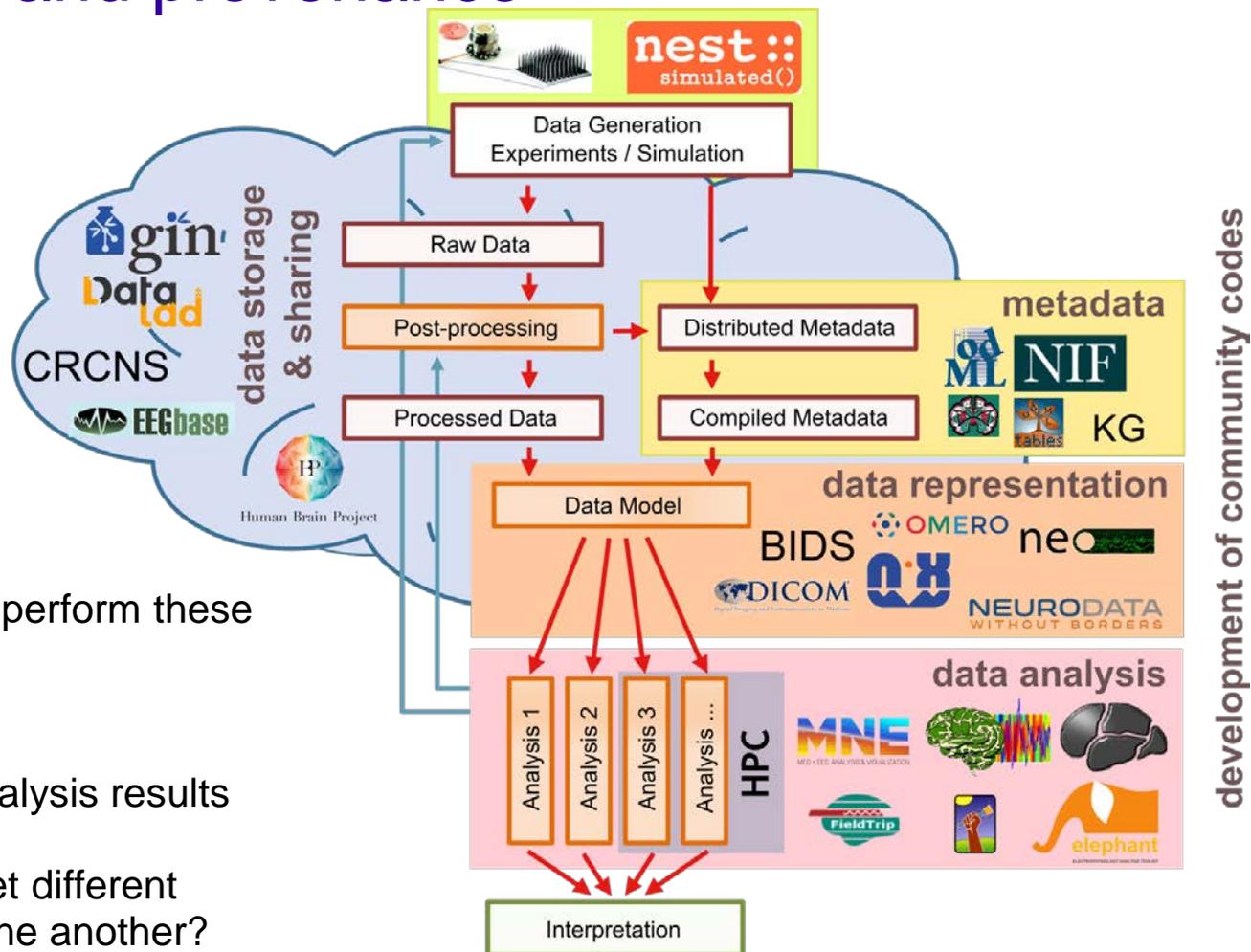
- data ingestion
- data annotation
- data pre-processing
- data analysis
- data publication

for multiple scales, data sources, paradigms,...

Many tools and services emerge to perform these data processing steps.

However:

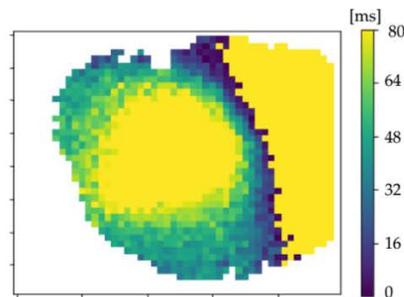
- How to make processing and analysis results comparable between tools?
- How to relate complementary, yet different methodological approaches to one another?
- How to incorporate and validate models based on these findings?



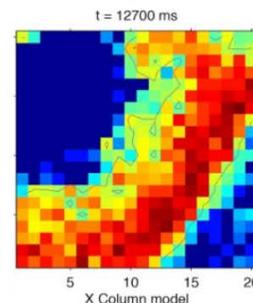
# Focus II: Simulation, analysis, validation workflows and provenance

## Example:

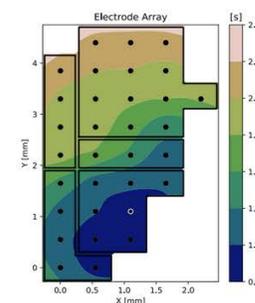
Periodic transitions between Up and Down state (0-5Hz) in sleep and anaesthesia...  
...are seen at multiple spatio-temporal scales and across measurement modalities  
...can be characterized using diverse complementary methods  
...provide a robust experimental phenomenon to validate network simulations against



Celotto et al., 2020



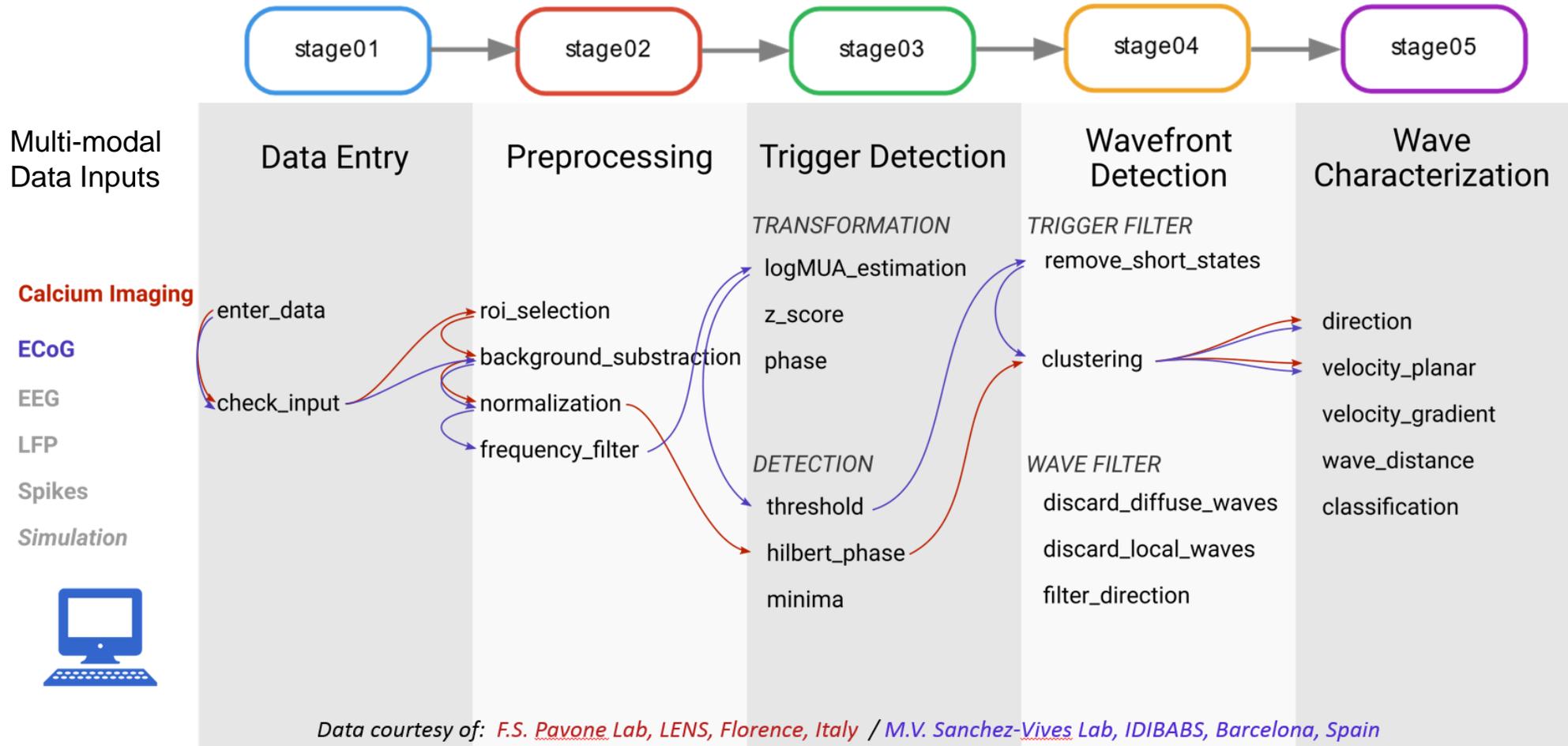
Pastorelli et al., 2019



De Bonis et al., 2019

Calcium Imaging  $\longleftrightarrow$  Simulation  $\longleftrightarrow$  ECoG

# Focus II: Simulation, analysis, validation workflows and provenance



**Challenge:** Build universal workflows to jointly analyse and compare data sets, models, and methods

# Focus II: Simulation, analysis, validation workflows and provenance

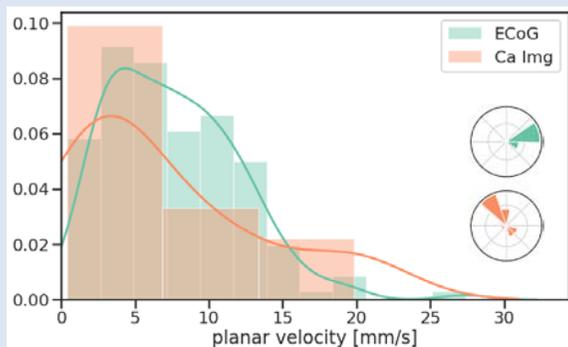
Anna Letizia Allegra Mascaro  
 Francesco Resta  
 Francesco Saverio Pavone  
 Maria-Victoria Sanchez-Vives

Giulia De Bonis  
 Elena Pastorelli  
 Cristiano Capone  
 Chiara De Luca  
 Pier Stanislaw Paolucci

Robin Gutzen  
 Yann Zerlaut  
 Glynis Mattheis  
 Andrew Davison  
 Michael Denker  
 Sonja Grün

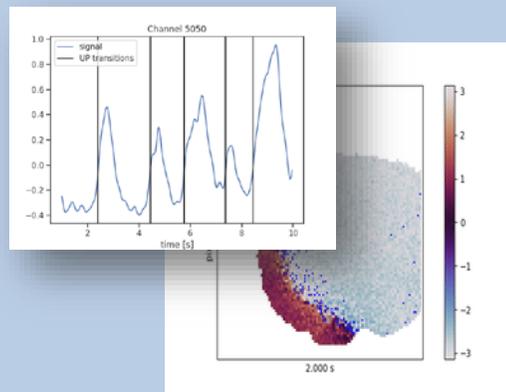
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uuAiY6HScM0>

Calcium Imaging / ECoG

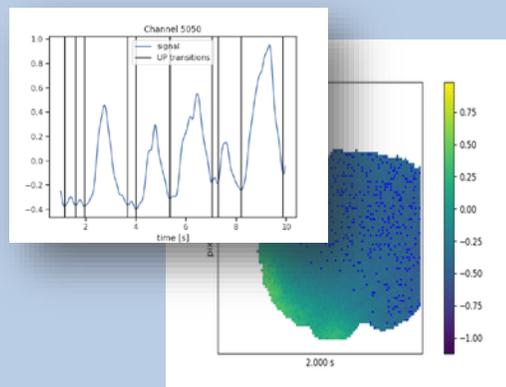


Different modalities

via Hilbert tf.

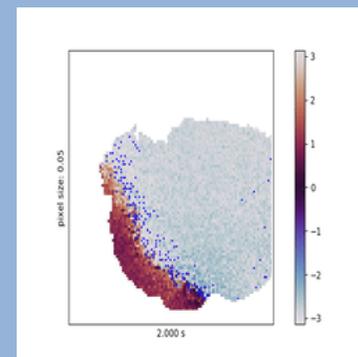


via minima

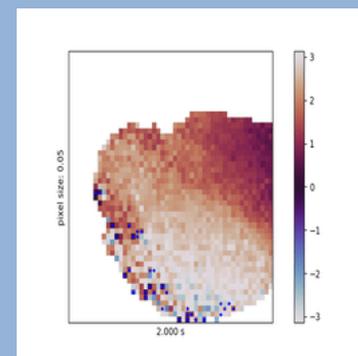


Different methods

recorded



simulated

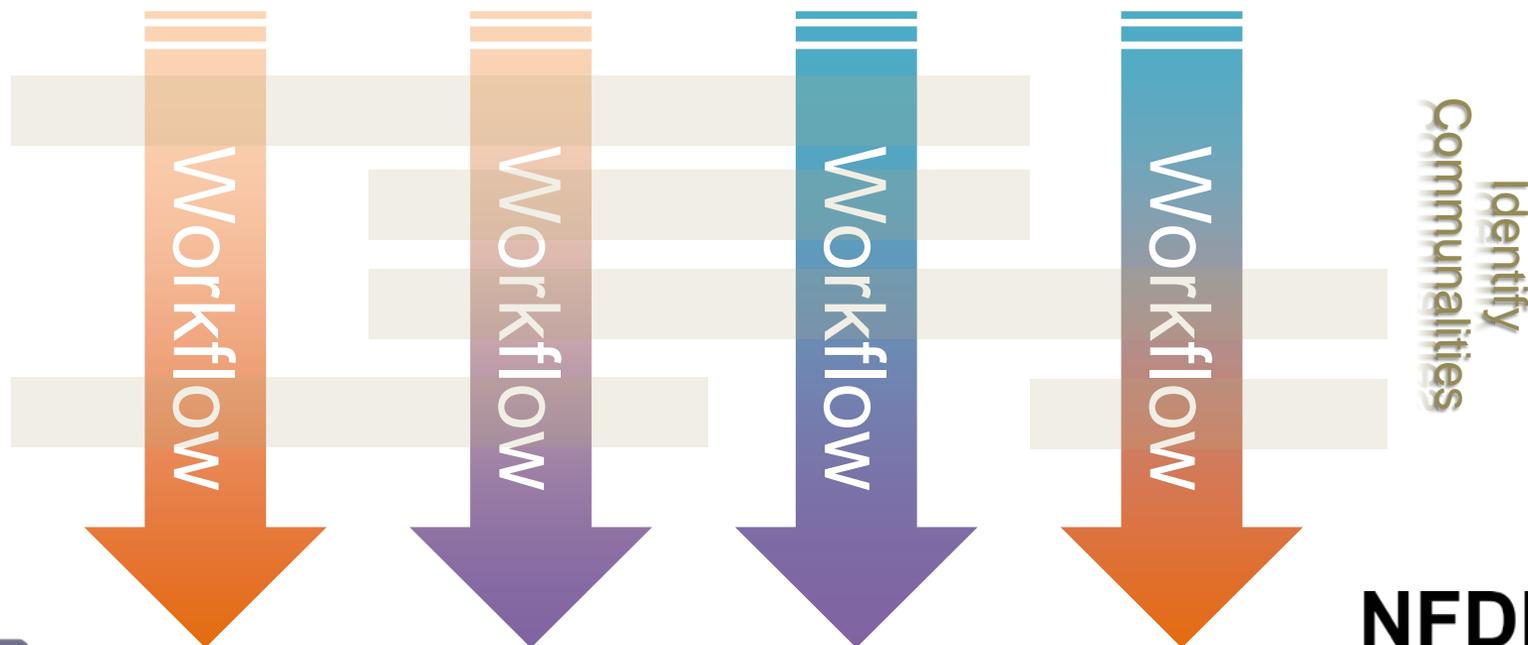


Validate models

## Focus II: Simulation, analysis, validation workflows and provenance

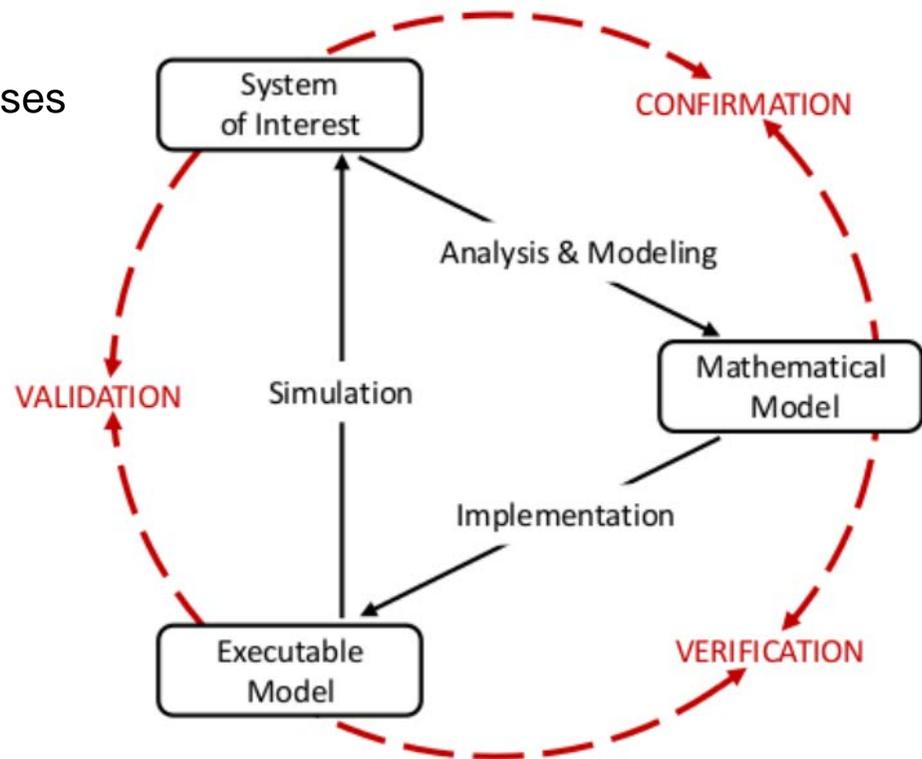
TA3 could support by:

- Teaching and coaching in the use of community infrastructure for data analysis
- Organization, collection, curation and provision of workflows built on these tools and creating links and communalities to foster interoperability (*“Marketplace for tools”*)
- Organization of common interest workgroups to
  - standardize workflows for defined areas
  - increase tool interoperability through connectors (e.g., Neo and MNE)



# Focus III: Simplifying model validation and verification of simulations

- Need to define terminology and formal processes for validation in computational neuroscience
- Must take into account multiple validation scenarios:
  - **Model to experiment vs model to model**
  - **Network level vs low-level components**
  - Different degrees of **acceptable agreement**

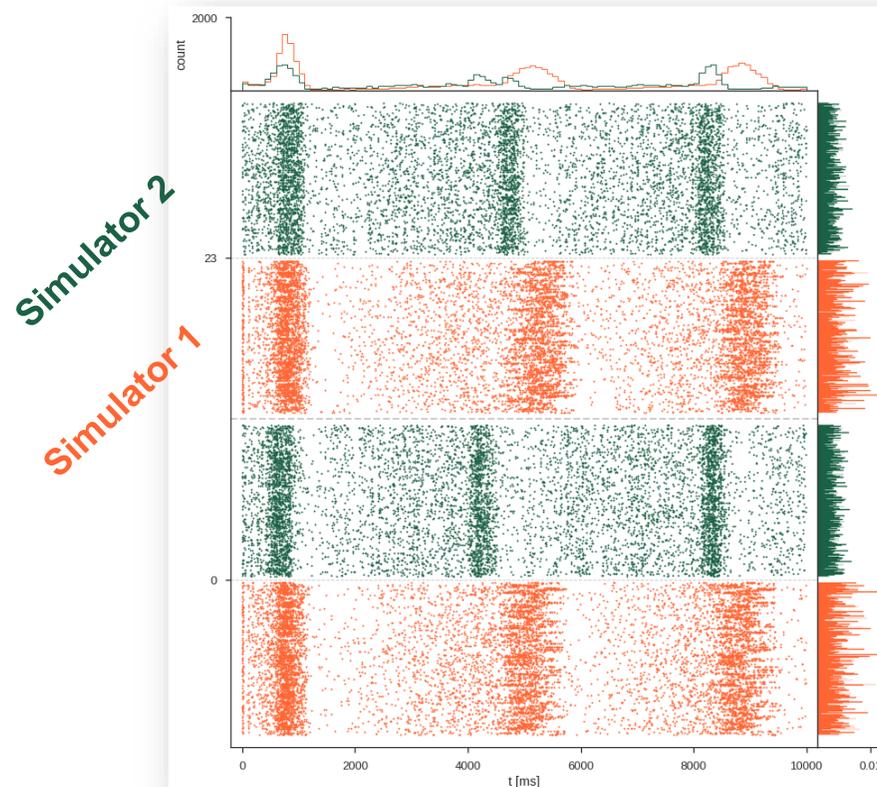


Schlesinger et al. (1979); Thacker et al (2014)  
Trensch, Gutzen, Blundell, Denker, Morrison (2018)  
Gutzen, von Papen, Trensch, Grün, Denker (2018)

# Focus III: Simplifying model validation and verification of simulations

TA3 could support by:

- Lead working groups to establish and promote best practices for reproducible simulation environments and verification
- Define standard validation tests for cross-simulation scenarios



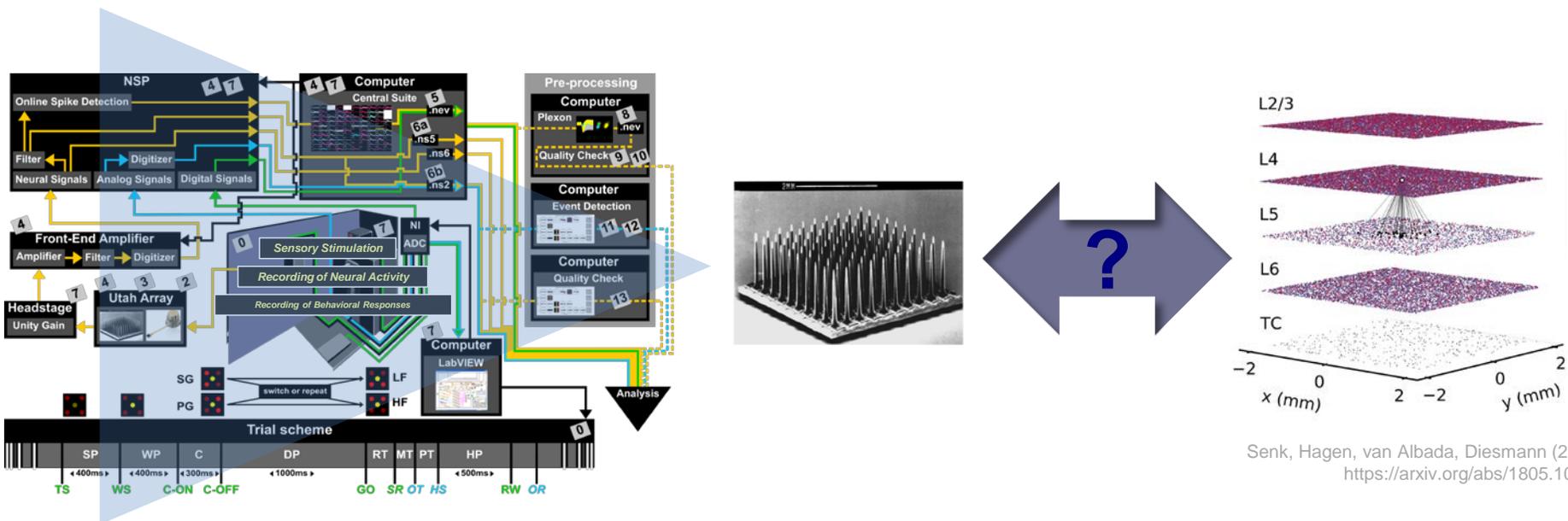
Courtesy of  
Robin Gutzen

# Focus III: Simplifying model validation and verification of simulations

How to effectively (automatically?) compare common metadata descriptions for experiment and models with experimental data?

TA3 in conjunction with TA2 could support by:

- Establish guidelines for compatible output formats (models and data)
- Promote off-the-shelf protocols for comparing model outputs to experimental data
- Support development for automated comparisons based on available metadata



Complex data and metadata flow in an electrophysiology setup  
modified from *Zehl et al., 2016*

Senk, Hagen, van Albada, Diesmann (2018)  
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1805.10235>

# Building bridges to computational neuroscience infrastructure across the globe



EBRAINS



Tool Communities, e.g.,  
Simulation Engines



...

Related communities

Robotics

BMI

...



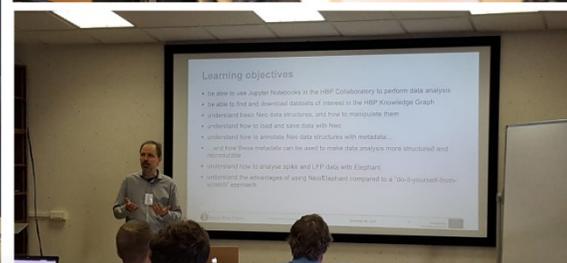
NFDI

Neuroscience

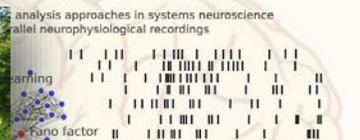
# Teaching Offers

Build and sustain existing offers to promote better research data management, e.g.,:

- Advanced neuronal data analysis (ANDA) course: Spring school on neuronal data analysis incorporating modules on good RDM practices
- NEST Conference: Promoting RDM at the yearly conference and hackathon on advancing NEST simulation technologies
- Elephant User Workshop: Emerging yearly offer for hands-on support in designing data analysis workflows
- “-thonification” of activities, e.g.:
  - Hackathons
  - Curatathons



**ANDA2019**  
G-Node Advanced Neural Data Analysis Course  
April 1 - 18, 2019, Haus Overbach, Jülich-Barmen, Germany



Sustain = Community + Interoperability

# How participants and supporting community members profit in practice: some examples

- Identify, collect and make available suitable analysis workflows and tools for specific analysis problems and scenarios
- Manage a work group to define the best practices and metadata templates for storing and curating specific types of models
- Help in making a lab software development compatible with existing simulation engines and data formats
- Introduce emerging community developments into the workflows of laboratories and research consortia in the spirit of co-design



**Become an NFDI-Neuro participant**, bring your needs, and help shape the community:

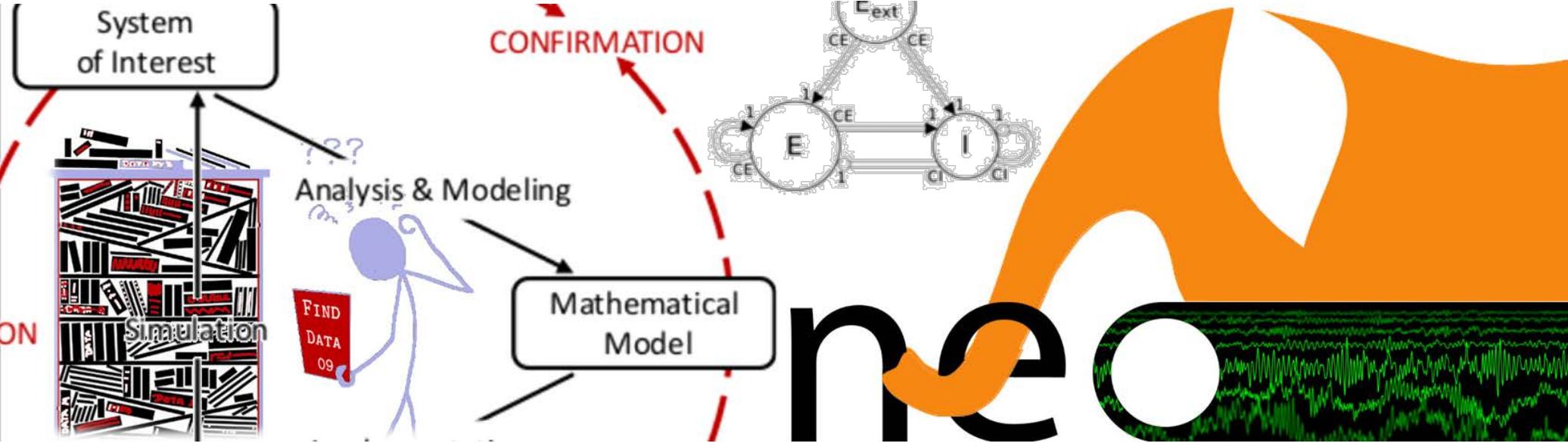
- individuals or institutions
- sustained contribution to the NFDI-Neuro community and its work program through work groups, shaping developments, and providing use cases
- Transfer teams, instruments, and the community support participant contributions

<https://nfdi-neuro.de>

<https://tinyurl.com/nfdi-compneurosci>

Image: James Petts, CC BY-SA 2.0.

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Neuroscience



# Task Area 3

## Computational Neuroscience

### Discussion